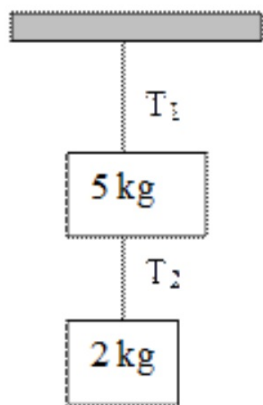


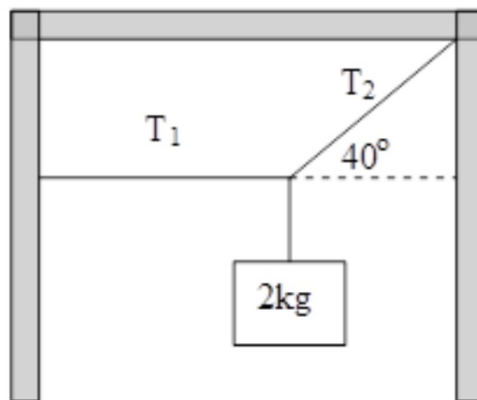
1. Find T_1 and T_2 .



For $m=2$ kg:
 $\sum F = T_2 - F_g = 0$ N
therefore $T_2 = F_g = mg$
so $T_2 = (2)(9.8) = 19.6$ N

For $m=5$ kg:
 $\sum F = T_1 - T_2 - F_g = 0$ N
therefore $T_1 = T_2 + mg$
so $T_1 = 19.6 + (5)(9.8) = 68.6$ N

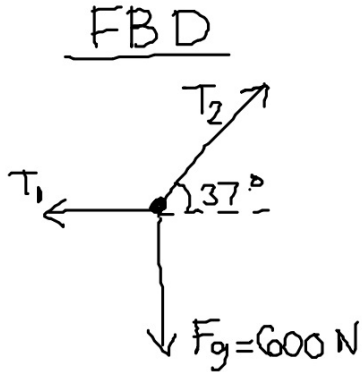
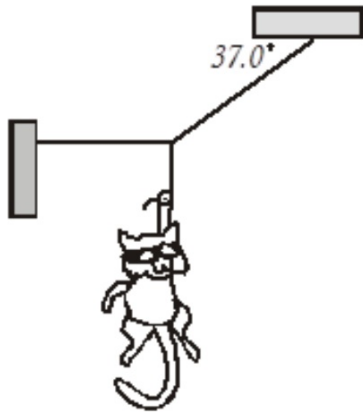
2. Find T_1 and T_2 .



$\sum F_x = (T_2)_x - T_1 = 0$ N
therefore $(T_2)_x = T_1$
so $(T_2)\cos(40) = T_1$

$\sum F_y = (T_2)_y - F_g = 0$ N
therefore $(T_2)_y = F_g = mg$
so $(T_2)\sin(40) = (2)(9.8) = 19.6$ N
 $T_2 = (19.6 \text{ N})/(\sin(40)) = 30.49$ N
 $T_1 = (30.49 \text{ N})\cos(40) = 23.36$ N

3. Find the tension in each cable supporting the 600.0 N cat burglar.



ΣF Eqn :

$$\Sigma F_x = T_2 \cos 37 - T_1 = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore T_2 \cos 37 = T_1 \text{ (2)}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = T_2 \sin 37 - F_g = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore T_2 \sin 37 = F_g \text{ (1)}$$

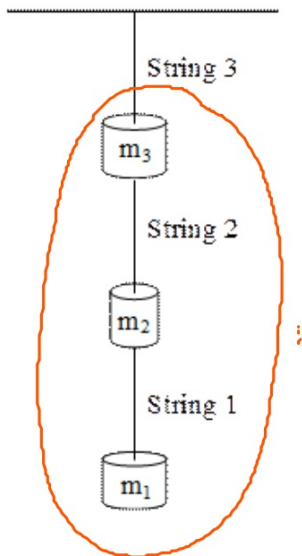
* Solve for T_2 using Eqn 1

* Solve for T_1 using Eqn 2

$$T_1 = 797 \text{ N} \quad T_2 = 997 \text{ N}$$

✓
✓
✓

4. Three masses hang on three strings as shown. Find the tension in the three strings. **Express your answer in terms of m_1 , m_2 , m_3 , and g only.**



For m_1 :

$$\Sigma F = T_1 - F_g = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{therefore } T_1 = F_g = m_1g$$

For m_2 :

$$\Sigma F = T_2 - T_1 - F_g = 0 \text{ N}$$

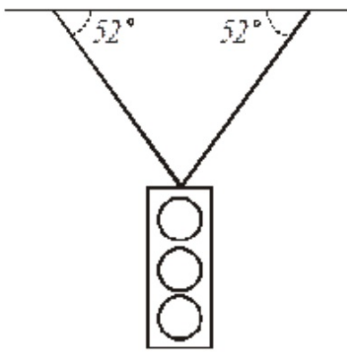
$$\text{therefore } T_2 = T_1 + F_g = m_1g + m_2g$$

For m_3 :

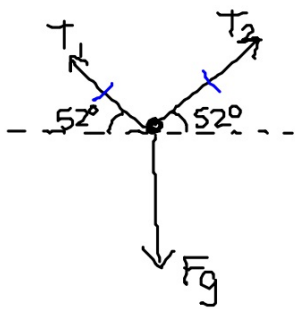
$$\Sigma F = T_3 - T_2 - T_1 - F_g = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{therefore } T_3 = T_2 + T_1 + F_g = m_1g + m_2g + m_3g$$

5. A 46.5 kg traffic light hangs from two cables which are at the angles shown. Calculate the tensions in the two cables.



FBD



Equations

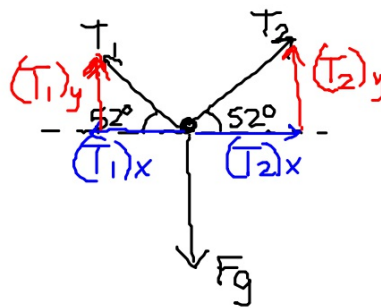
$$\sum F_x = (T_2)_x - (T_1)_x = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore (T_1)_x = (T_2)_x$$

$$T_1 \cos 52 = T_2 \cos 52$$

$$\therefore T_1 = T_2$$

Working Diagram



$$\sum F_y = (T_1)_y + (T_2)_y - F_g = 0$$

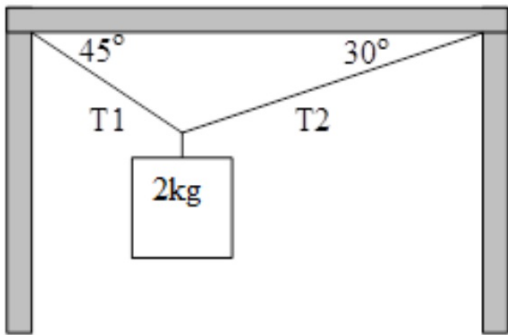
$$T_1 \sin 52 + T_2 \sin 52 = F_g$$

$$\frac{2 T \sin(52)}{2 \sin 52} = \frac{mg}{2 \sin(52)}$$

$$T = \frac{mg}{2 \sin 52}$$

$$T = T_1 = T_2 = 289 \text{ N}$$

6. Find T_1 and T_2 .



$$\sum F_x = (T_2)_x - (T_1)_x = 0 \text{ N}$$

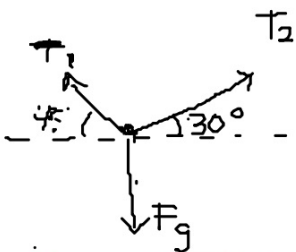
$$\therefore (T_1)_x = (T_2)_x$$

$$T_1 \cos(45) = T_2 \cos(30) \quad (1)$$

$$\sum F_y = (T_1)_y + (T_2)_y - F_g = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$(2) \therefore T_1 \sin(45) + T_2 \sin(30) = F_g$$

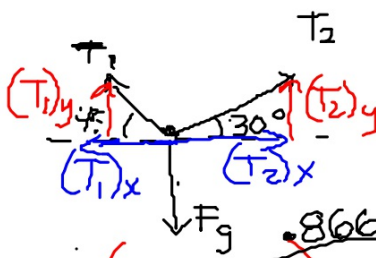
FBD:



$$\therefore T_1 = 17.6 \text{ N}$$

$$T_2 = 14.3 \text{ N}$$

Working Diagram



* Solve for T_1 in Eqn (1) then substitute into Eqn (2)

$$T_1 = \frac{T_2 \cos(30)}{\cos(45)}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_2 \cos(30)}{\cos(45)} \right) \sin 45 + T_2 \sin 30 = mg$$

$$.866 T_2 + .5 T_2 = 19.6 \quad \text{• Solve}$$

$$mg = 19.6$$

Challenge: Two 2.0 kg masses are connected by a string and hung over two pulleys. A 2.5 kg mass is then hung between the pulleys, which causes the rope to sag. Find the angle.

