IB Physics SL Y2: Thursday, September 11, 2014

Do Now:

- 1) Take-out paper, pencil, calculator, and HW.
- 2) Using equation to the right, answer the following questions
- a) What does each variable represent (include units)?
- b) What is the relationship between...
 - (i) R and ρ
 - (ii) R and L
 - (iii) R and A
 - (iv) V and ρ
 - (v) I and ρ

IB Physics SL Y2: 9-9-14 HW Review Ch. 5 - Electric Current - Exercises #1-4, 7, 10-12

1 If a p.d. of 9 V causes a current of 3 mA to flow through a wire, what is the resistance of the wire?

resistance=
$$\frac{\text{voltage}}{\text{current}}$$
 $R = \frac{V}{I}$
 $\frac{9V}{3\times10^{-3}} = 3\times10^{3} \text{ or } \frac{3000 \text{ ohms}}{3000\Omega}$
 $0.001 \text{ A} = 1 \text{ mA}$ $3 \text{ K}\Omega$

2 A current of 1 μ A flows through a 300 k Ω resistor. What is the p.d. across the resistor?

$$I = MA = 1 \times 10^{-6}A \qquad R = 300 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V = IR \qquad = 300 \times 10^{3} \Omega$$

$$V = (1 \times 10^{-6}A)(3 \times 10^{5}\Omega)$$

$$V = 300 \times 10^{3} \Omega$$

$$V = (1 \times 10^{-6}A)(3 \times 10^{5}\Omega)$$

$$V = 300 \times 10^{3} \Omega$$

3 If the p.d. across a 600 Ω resistor is 12 V, how much current flows?

V=IR I=V I=L = .02A K=600Ω

T' 4 Below is a table of the p.d. and current through a device called a thermistor.

p.d./V	Current/A
1.0	0.01
10	0.1
25	1.0

Calculate the resistance at different potential differences.

$$R = \frac{V}{I} \qquad R_{1} = \frac{1.0V}{0.01} = 100.\Omega$$

$$R_{2} = \frac{10}{0.1} = 100.\Omega$$

$$R_{3} = \frac{25}{1.0} = 25.\Omega$$